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|  | **Information Gathering** |
| *ACE-voip* | Detect and analyze voice over IP traffic |
| *Amap* | Identify open ports and services on a remotesystem |
| *APT2* | Automatic penetration testing andrenerating reports |
| *arp-scan* | Discover hosts on a network |
| *Automater* | Automatic OSINT gathering |
| *bing-ip2hosts* | Enumerate hostnames from Bing searchresult |
| *braa* | Detect and analyze broadcast radio signals |
| *CaseFile* | Create and manage threat intelligencereports |
| *CDPSnarf* | Extract CDP information from a network |
| *copy-router- config* | Backing up router configurations or transderring configurations to a new router |
| *DMitry* | Gather target network information includingport scanning and WHOIS lookups |
| *dnmap* | Identify host and services on a network |
| *dnsenum* | Gather information about Dns recordsincluding subdomains |
| *dnsmap* | Identify active DNS servers and associatedhostnames |
| *DNSRecon* | DNS reconnaissance tool to gather information about servers, zone transfer andIP addresses |
| *dnstracer* | Trace DNS queries to identify problems andmisconfigurations |
| *dnswalk* | Check common DNS misconfiguration |
| *DotDotPwn* | Exploit directory traversal vulnerabilities |
| *enum4linux* | Gather information from Windows and Samba system including shares, users andpasswords |
| *enumIAX* | Gather information from IAX-based VoIPsystems |
| *EyeWitness* | Generate screenshots of web applications |
| *Faraday* | Manage and collaborate on vulnerabiityscans and security assessment |
| *Fierce* | Identify non-contiguous IP space and mapnetwork infrastructure |
| *Firewalk* | Determine specific traffic blocking by firewalland by analyzing TTl values |

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|  | **Vulnerability Analysis** |
| *BBQSQL* | A blind SQL injection and exploitation tool |
| *BED* | A network protocol fuzzing tool |
| *cisco-global-**exploiter* | Exploit vulnerabilities in Cisco devices |
| *cisco-ocs* | Scan and exploit Cisco devices |
| *cisco-torch* | Test and scan the security of Cisco devices |
| *copy-router-config* | Back up and restore Cisco router configurations |
| *Doona* | Test the security of network devices andprotocols |
| *DotDotPwn* | Exploit directory traversal vulnerabilities |
| *HexorBase* | A database management and exploitation tool |
| *jSQL Injection* | A SQL injection exploitation tool |
| *Lynis* | A security auditing and hardening tool for Linuxand Unix-based systems |
| *Nmap* | Network exploration and security auditing tool |
| *ohrwurm* | A local root exploitation tool |
| *openvas* | A vulnerability scanner and management tool |
| *Oscanner* | Scan Oracle databases for vulnerabilities |
| *Powerfuzzer* | A web application fuzzing and discovery tool |
| *sfuzz* | A protocol fuzzer and and vulnerability scanner |
| *SidGuesser* | Identify valid user accounts in Windows domains |
| *SIPArmyKnife* | Test the security of VoIP systems |
| *sqlmap* | A SQL injection exploitation tool |
| *Sqlninja* | A SQL server injection and takeover tool |
| *sqlsus* | Identify and exploit SQL injection vulnerabilities |
| *tnscmd10g* | Test and exploit Oracle TNS Listenervulnerabilities |
| *unix-privesc-check* | Identify privilege escalation vulnerabilities inUnix-based systems |

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| *fragroute/fragr**outer* | Intercept and modify network traffic at IPfragmentation level |
| *Ghost Phisher* | Security testing for phishing attacks |
| *GoLismero* | Web security testing tool |
| *goofile* | Search specific file types on a target domain |
|  *hping3*  |
| *ident-user-**enum* | Identify user accounts on systems that usethe Ident protocol |
| *InSpy* | LinkedIn reconnaissance tool to gather information about employees, companiesand job postings |
| *InTrace* | Trace the route of TCP packets through anetwork |
| *iSMTP* | Test the security of SMYP servers |
| *lbd* | Identify load balancers and web applicationfirewalls |
| *Maltego Teeth* | Identify connections and relationshipsbetween entities |
| *masscan* | A fast port scanner used for vulnerabilityassessment |
| *Metagoofil* | Gather information and extract metadatafrom public documents |
| *Miranda* | Tool for exploiting UPnP devices |
| *Metagoofil* | Gather information and extract metadatafrom public documents |
| *Nikto* | Web server scanner |
|  *SMBMap*  | Enumerate and scan SMB shares  |
| *ntop* | Network traffic monitoring and analysis |
| *OSRFramework* | Intelligence gathering framework used fordata mining |
| *p0f* | Passive network traffic analysis for identidying the operating systems andapplications used on networked devices |
| *Parsero* | Identify input validation relatedvulnerablities of web applications |
| *SET* | Tool for performing social engineeringattacks, password attacks etc. |
| *smtp-user-**enum* | Enumberate usernames on a target SMTPserver |
| *snmp-check* | Enumerate and check the security of SNMPdevices |
| *SPARTA* | Graphical interface for networkinfrastructure penetration testing |

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| *Yersinia* | Network protocol analyzer and attack tool fortesting network security |

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|  | **Wireless Attacks** |
| *Airbase-ng* | Configure and attack wireless access points |
| *Aircrack-ng* | Audit and test wireless network |
| *Airdecap-ng and**Airdecloak-ng* | Decrypt and deobfuscate captured wirelesstraffic |
| *Aireplay-ng* | Inject taffic to wireless networks to test their security |
| *airgraph-ng* | Generate graphs from wireless network data |
| *Airmon-ng* | Enable and Disable monitor mode on wirelessinterfaces |
| *Airodump-ng* | Capture wireless traffic and analyze it |
| *airodump-ng-oui-**update* | Update the OUI databases used by airodump-ng |
| *Airolib-ng* | Manage and crack password hashes for WPAand WPA2 |
| *Airserv-ng* | Run a wireless access point on a Linux system |
| *Airtun-ng* | Create encrypted tunnels over wireless networks |
| *Asleap* | Crack MS-CHAPv1 and MS-CHAPv2authentication protocols |
| *Besside-ng* | Capture and crack WEP and WPA encryptedwireless traffic |
| *Bluelog* | Scan and log Bluetooth devices |
|  *BlueMaho*  | Discover and attack Bluetooth devices  |
| *Bluepot* | Simulate Bluetooth honeypots to detect andtrack attackers |
| *BlueRanger* | Control Bluetooth devices remotely |
| *Bluesnarfer* | Exploit Bluetooth vulnerabilities and gainingunauthorized access to devices |
| *Bully* | Brute-forcing WPS pins to gain access to wirelessnetworks |
| *coWPAtty* | Crack pre-shared keys for WPA-PSK networks |
| *crackle* | Crack encrypted Bluetooth traffic |
| *eapmd5pass* | Crack MD5 hashes of EAP passwords |
|  *Easside-ng*  | Crack WEP and WPA encrypted wireless traffic  |

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| *sslcaudit* | Audit SSl/Tls certificates on a web server |
| *SSLsplit* | Intercept and decrypt SSL/TLS traffic |
| *sslstrip* | Tool for performing man in the middleattacks on SSL/TLS encrypted connections |
| *SSLyze* | Test SSL/TLS servers and clients |
| *Sublist3r* | Enumerate subdomains of a target domainusing search engines |
| *THC-IPV6* | Attack and test IPv6 networks |
| *theHarvester* | Gather information of a target domain fromvarious public sources |
| *TLSSLed* | Evaluate the security of SSL/TLS connections |
| *twofi* | Find potential usernames and passwordsfrom Twitter |
| *Unicornscan* | A fast and powerful network scanning tool |
| *URLCrazy* | Generate and test domain typos andvariations |
| *Wireshark* | Network protocol analyzer for capturing andanalyzing network traffic |
| *WOL-E* | Tool for Wake-On-LAN attacks and network discovery |
| *Xplico* | Extract application data from network traffic |

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|  *Fern Wifi Cracker*  | Audit and crack wireless networks  |
| *FreeRADIUS-WPE* | Exploit weak credentials in the FreeRADIUSserver |
| *Ghost Phisher* | Create phishing attacks on wireless networks |
| *GISKismet* | Map and analyze wireless networks using GPSdata |
| *Gqrx* | A receiver for exploring wireless signals |
| *gr-scan* | scan and decode various radio signals |
| *hostapd-wpe* | Test and exploit the WPE feature in hostapd |
| *ivstools* | Convert and manipulate IVs for WEP cracking |
| *kalibrate-rtl* | Calibrate the frequency offset of RTL-SDRdongles |
| *KillerBee* | Explore and exploit ZigBee and IEEE 802.15.4networks |
| *Kismet* | Detect and analyze wireless networks |
| *makeivs-ng* | Generate and inject fake IVs for WEP cracking |
| *mdk3* | Attack wireless networks by flooding them with deauthentication, disassociation, and otherpackets |
| *mfcuk* | Crack Mifare Classic RFID cards |
|  *mfoc*  | Crack Mifare Classic RFID cards  |
| *mfterm* | Interact with RFID cards |
|  *Multimon-NG*  | Decode various radio signals  |
| *Packetforge-ng* | Create and inject custom packets into wirelessnetworks |
| *PixieWPS* | Exploit the WPS design flaw to recoverWPA/WPA2 passwords |
| *Pyrit* | Perform advanced WPA/WPA2 passwordcracking using GPU power |
|  *Reaver*  | A tool for brute-forcing WPS  |
| *redfang* | A Bluetooth scanner and vulnerabilityassessment tool |
| *RTLSDR Scanner* | A radio scanner for spectrum analysis andmonitoring |
| *Spooftooph* | A tool for Bluetooth device spoofing and cloning |
| *Tkiptun-ng* | WPA encryption key recovery using TKIPvulnerabilities |
| *Wesside-ng* | Automated wirelss network hacking for WEP,WPA and WPA2 encryption |

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|  | **Forensics Tools** |
|  *Binwalk*  | Analyze and extract firmware images  |
| *bulk-extractor* | *Extract artifacts from binary files* |
| *Capstone* | A multi-platform, multi-architecturedisassembly framework |
| *chntpw* | *Reset passwords on Windows systems* |
|  *Cuckoo*  | An automated malware analysis system  |
| *dc3dd* | *A tool for imaging and wiping hard drives* |
| *ddrescue* | Rescuing data from damaged disks |
| *DFF* | *A forensic framework for analyzing digital**evidence* |
| *diStorm3* | A disassembler library for x86/AMD64 |
| *Dumpzilla* | *Analyze Mozilla browser history* |

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|  | **Exploitation Tools** |
| *Armitage* | A graphical cyber attack management tool |
| *Backdoor**Factory* | *Add backdoors to binaries* |
| *BeEF* | Penetration testing focuses on browser-based attacks |
| *Commix* | *A command injection exploitation tool* |
| *crackle* | Break Bluetooth Smart encryption |
| *exploitdb* | *A database of known exploits and**vulnerable software* |
|  *jboss-autopwn*  | Exploit vulnerabilities in JBoss servers  |
| *MSFPC* | *Create Metasploit payloads* |
| *RouterSploit* | *Test vulnerabilities in routers and other**embedded devices* |
| *ShellNoob* | Generate shellcode and convert shellcode toassembly |

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|  | **Reverse Engineering** |
| *apktool* | Reverse engineer and modify Android APK files |
| *diStorm3* | A disassembler library used for binary analysis |
| *edb-debugger* | A cross-platform debugger for x86, ARM, MIPS,and PowerPC executables |
| *jad* | Analyze and reverse engineer Java bytecode |
| *javasnoop* | Intercept and analyze Java method calls |
| *JD-GUI* | Decompile and analyze Java bytecode |
|  *OllyDbg*  | A 32-bit assembler-level analyzing debugger  |
| *Valgrind* | Debug and profile Linux programs |
| *YARA* | Match pattern and identify malware and othersuspicious files |

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| *extundelete* | Recover deleted files from ext3/ext4partitions |
| *Foremost* | *Extract files from disk images* |
| *Galleta* | Analyze browser cookies |
| *Guymager* | *Create forensic images* |
| *iPhone Backup**Analyzer* | Analyze iPhone backups. |
| *p0f* | *A tool for passive OS fingerprinting and**network analysis* |
| *pdf-parser* | A tool for analyzing PDF files |
| *pdfid* | *Analyze and detect malicious PDF files* |
| *pdgmail* | Analyze Gmail artifacts |
| *peepdf* | *Analyze and explor PDF files* |
| *RegRipper* | Analyze Windows registry hives |
| *Volatility* | *Analyze memory dumps* |

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| *Wifi Honey* | Perform honey spot attacks on wirelessnetworks |
| *wifiphisher* | Steal credential of wireless network |
| *Wifitap* | Create virtual wireless access points and monitornetwork traffic |
| *Wifite* | Audit and attack automated wireless network |
| *wpaclean* | Filter and clean WPA/WPA2 handshake capturefile |

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|  | **Hardware Hacking** |
| *android-sdk* | A software development kit for developingAndroid applications |
| *Arduino* | An open-source electronics platform for creatinginteractive projects |
| *dex2jar* | Convert Android DEX files to Java JAR files |
| *Sakis3G* | Connect to 3G mobile networks |
| *smali* | An assembler/disassembler for Android's dexformat |

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|  | **Web Applications** |
| *apache-users* | Find usernames on an Apache web server |
| *Arachni* | A feature-rich web application security scanner |
|  *BlindElephant*  | Identify web applications version number  |
| *Burp Suite* | Web application testing framework |
|  *CutyCapt*  | Capture website screenshots  |
| *DAVTest* | Test the security of WebDAV servers |
| *DIRB* | A tool used for web content discovery |

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|  | **Sniffing & Spoofing** |
| *SIPp* | Test and benchmark SIP-based VoIP systems |
| *rtpbreak* | Detect, reconstruct, and analyze RTP sessions |
|  *SIPVicious*  | Audit SIP-based VoIP systems  |
| *rtpmixsound* | Mix audio into RTP streams |

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| *bettercap* | A Swiss Army knife for network attacks and monitoring, including sniffing, spoofing, andMITM attacks |
| *DNSChef* | A DNS proxy that can be used to forge DNSresponses and redirect traffic to malicious sites |
| *fiked* | A fake IKE daemon used for launching MITM attacks against IKEv1-encrypted connections |
| *hamster-**sidejack* | Perform session hijacking attacks againstweb applications |
| *HexInject* | Craft and inject packets into a network |
| *iSMTP* | Test the security of SMTP servers by sendinga large number of emails |
| *isr-evilgrade* | Exploit software vulnerabilities and perform automatic updates of malicious software |
| *mitmproxy* | A SSL-capable intercepting proxy used for intercepting, modifying, and replaying trafficbetween clients and servers |
| *ohrwurm* | Generate payloads and test the detectioncapabilities of antivirus software |
| *protos-sip* | Test the security of SIP-based VoIP systems |
| *rebind* | Perform DNS rebinding attacks against webapplications |
| *responder* | Steal NTLMv1/v2 hashes and performLLMNR/NBT-NS poisoning |
| *rtpinsertsound* | Insert audio into RTP streams |
| *sctpscan* | Perform SCTP network scanning andfingerprinting |
| *SIPArmyKnife* | A tool used for testing the security of SIP-based VoIP systems |
| *SniffJoke* | Manipulate network traffic in real-time |
| *VoIPHopper* | Detect and exploit VoIP securityvulnerabilities |
| *xspy* | Monitor and analyze X11 traffic |
| *zaproxy* | Test security of web applications by scanning |

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| *deblaze* | Discover hidden files and directories on a web server |
| *DirBuster* | A multi-threaded web application scanner |
| *FunkLoad* | A web functional testing and load testing tool |
| *Gobuster* | Brute forcing directories and files on web servers |
| *Grabber* | Detect security vulnerabilities of webapplications |
| *hURL* | A tool used for web application testing anddiscovery |
| *jboss-autopwn* | Exploit vulnerable JBoss application servers |
| *joomscan* | Identify vulnerabilities in Joomla! CMS |
| *PadBuster* | Test Padding Oracle vulnerabilities in webapplications |
| *Paros* | A web application testing proxy used tointercept and analyze web traffic |
| *Parsero* | A tool used for web application fingerprintingand directory discovery |
| *plecost* | A WordPress vulnerability scanner |
| *Powerfuzzer* | A highly automated web applicationvulnerability scanner |
| *ProxyStrike* | Attack web applications through proxies |
| *Recon-ng* | A web reconnaissance framework |
| *Skipfish* | A web application security scanner used forreconnaissance and discovery |
| *ua-tester* | Test user-agent strings in web applications |
| *Uniscan* | Security scanner used for finding vulnerabilities |
| *w3af* | A framework used for web application securitytesting |
| *WebScarab* | A Java-based web application testing proxy usedfor intercepting and analyzing web traffic |
| *Webshag* | A multi-threaded, multi-platform webapplication vulnerability scanner |
| *WebSlayer* | Find vulnerabilities in web applications |

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| *WebSploit* | A web application security testing framework |
| *Wfuzz* | A web application fuzzer used for brute forcingdirectories and files on web servers |
| *WhatWeb* | Fingerprint web servers and identifyvulnerabilities |
| *WPScan* | A WordPress vulnerability scanner |
| *XSSer* | Find and exploit XSS vulnerabilities |
| *fimap* | Automate web application attacks andvulnerability scanning |

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|  | **Password Attacks** |
| *BruteSpray* | Automate password spraying attacks againstmultiple hosts simultaneously |
| *CeWL* | Generate custom wordlists for passwordcracking and other security assessments |
| *chntpw* | Reset passwords on Windows systems bymodifying the Windows registry |
| *CmosPwd* | Recover CMOS passwords on Windowssystems |
| *creddump* | Extract password hashes and othercredentials from Windows systems |
| *crowbar* | Brute-force attacks against remoteauthentication services |
| *crunch* | Generate custom wordlists for passwordcracking and other security assessments |
| *findmyhash* | Identify the hash algorithm used to encryptpassword hashes |
| *gpp-decrypt* | Decrypt Group Policy Preferences (GPP)passwords on Windows systems |
| *hash-identifier* | Identify the type of hash used to encryptpassword hashes |
| *Hashcat* | A tool used for advanced password crackingand recovery |
| *HexorBase* | A tool used for database management andexploitation |
| *THC-Hydra* | Brute-force attacks against remoteauthentication services |
| *John the Ripper* | A tool used for password cracking andrecovery |
| *Johnny* | A graphical user interface for John the Ripper password cracking tool |
| *keimpx* | Exploit vulnerabilities in Microsoft Windowssystems |
| *Maskprocessor* | Generate custom wordlists based on specified criteria |
| *Ncrack* | Brute-force attacks against remoteauthentication services |
| *oclgausscrack* | Advanced password cracking and recovery on systems with OpenCL-compatiblehardware |
| *ophcrack* | Password cracking and recovery on Windowssystems |
| *PACK* | Advanced password cracking and recovery |

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|  | **Stress Testing** |
| *DHCPig* | Flood DHCP servers with requests, causing themto crash or become unavailable |
| *iaxflood* | Flood SIP servers with requests, causing them tocrash or become unavailable |
| *Inundator* | Flood a network with random packets, causingnetwork congestion and slowdowns |
| *inviteflood* | *Flood SIP servers with INVITE requests, causing**them to crash or become unavailable* |
| *ipv6-toolkit* | Collection of tools for testing and exploiting IPv6networks |
| *rtpflood* | *Flood VoIP servers with RTP packets, causing**them to crash or become unavailable* |
| *SlowHTTPTest* | Test the vulnerability of web servers to SlowHTTP |
| *t50* | Generate network traffic and test theperformance of network devices under heavy loads |
| *Termineter* | Test the security of Smart Grid devices andprotocols |
| *THC-SSL-DOS* | Flood SSL servers with SSL handshake requests, causing them to crash or become unavailable |

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|  | **Maintaining Access** |
| *CryptCat* | Create encrypted and authenticated connectionsbetween two hosts |
| *Cymothoa* | Inject shellcode into a running process in orderto gain remote access |

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| *patator* | *Brute-force attacks against multiple**protocols and services* |
| *phrasendresche**r* | *Generate custom wordlists based on natural**language patterns* |
| *polenum* | *Retrieve password policy information from**Windows systems* |
| *RainbowCrack* | *Advanced password cracking and recovery**using rainbow tables* |
| *SecLists* | *A collection of various security-related**wordlists for password cracking and other security assessments* |
| *SQLdict* | *Generate custom wordlists based on SQL queries* |
| *Statsprocessor* | *Generate custom wordlists based on**statistical analysis of existing passwords* |
| *THC-pptp-**bruter* | *Brute-force attacks against PPTP VPNs* |
| *TrueCrack* | *A tool used for advanced password cracking**and recovery* |
| *wordlists* | *Collection of various wordlists for password**cracking* |

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| *dbd* | *A backdoor daemon that allows remote access**to a system via a network connection* |
| *dns2tcp* | *A tool used to tunnel TCP traffic over DNS**protocols* |
| *HTTPTunnel* | *A tool used to tunnel traffic over HTTP protocols* |
| *Intersect* | *Generate payloads for exploitation of**vulnerabilities* |
| *Nishang* | *Create and execute PowerShell scripts for penetration testing* |
| *PowerSploit* | *Collection of PowerShell scripts for penetration testing and other security assessments* |
| *pwnat* | *Bypass NAT firewalls and establish direct**connections between two hosts* |
| *RidEnum* | *Enumerate user accounts and groups on**Windows systems* |
| *sbd* | *Create a secure backdoor connection between**two hosts* |
| *shellter* | *Bypass antivirus software and other security**mechanisms* |
| *U3-Pwn* | *Exploit security vulnerabilities in U3 USB smart**drives* |
| *Webshells* | *Collection of scripts and tools used for remote access and exploitation of web servers* |
| *Weevely* | *A webshell used to gain remote access to web servers and execute commands* |
| *Winexe* | *Remotely execute commands on Windows systems from a Linux or Unix host* |

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|  | **Reporting Tools** |
| *CaseFile* | Create diagrams and charts to aid in the organization and visualization of data duringinvestigations |
| cherrytree | A hierarchical note-taking application that allows the creation and organization of notesand code snippets |
| CutyCapt | Capture screenshots of web pages from thecommand line |
| dos2unix | Convert DOS-style line endings to Unix-styleline endings in text files |
| Dradis | A collaboration and reporting platform forsecurity testing professionals |
| MagicTree | Visualize and analyze data from differentsources, such as file systems, network traffic, and databases |
| Nipper-ng | A tool used for auditing network devicesecurity configurations |
| pipal | A password analyzer and cracking tool usedto identify weak passwords |
| RDPY | Perform remote desktop protocoloperations, such as screen capture and input injection |

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